

Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this brochure. However, in case of a discrepancy between this brochure and the respective By-laws, the applicable By-law will take precedence.

Please call for further information.

800 Saskatchewan Avenue West
Portage la Prairie, MB

R1N 0M8

Phone: 204-239-8345

Fax: 204-239-8319

Website: www.ptgplanningdistrict.ca

Emails:

kbrookes@ptgplanningdistrict.ca

dkilcup@ptgplanningdistrict.ca

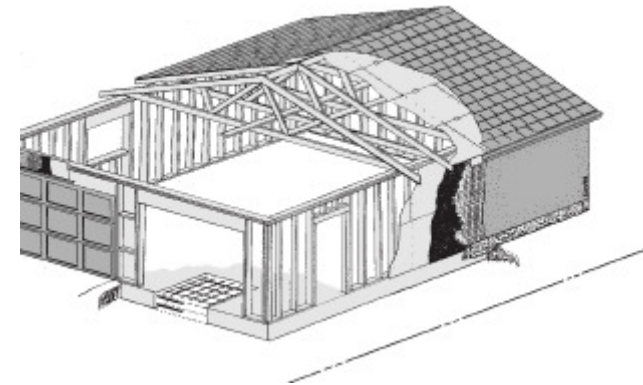
rfraser@ptgplanningdistrict.ca

**Call utility companies
before you dig**



December 2012

Detached Garages



*Portage la Prairie
Planning District*



Construction requirements for
detached garages and storage
sheds for residential dwellings

GENERAL INFORMATION

NOTE:

Detached garages and storage sheds vary in size and area and it is beyond the scope of this booklet to deal with every possible situation. The requirements and construction guidelines that follow are provided to assist you in designing and construction of a detached garage or storage shed which will comply with the Manitoba Building Code. If the nature of your project is different than that contained in this booklet and you are not familiar with the regulations that may be applicable, it is recommended that you contact someone who is knowledgeable in this area or contact the Portage la Prairie Planning District.

IS A BUILDING PERMIT REQUIRED TO BUILD A DETACHED GARAGE OR STORAGE SHED?

Yes, a building permit is required. This permit may be obtained by submitting the required information to the Portage la Prairie Planning District.

Exception: Storage sheds that are 10 m (108 sq. ft.) or less in area do not require a Building Permit provided they are situated on the property in accordance with the Zoning By-law and do not create a hazard. Any building larger than 108 sq. ft. requires a Building Permit.

DOES A CARPORT REQUIRE A BUILDING PERMIT?

Yes, a building permit is required for the construction of a carport. If the carport stands alone or is attached to a detached garage, then the Zoning and Building Code regulations in this booklet apply.

If the carport is attached to the house or to an attached garage, then it must comply with the regulations for house additions. The Zoning and Building Code regulations for house additions are different from those contained in this booklet.

COMPLIANCE

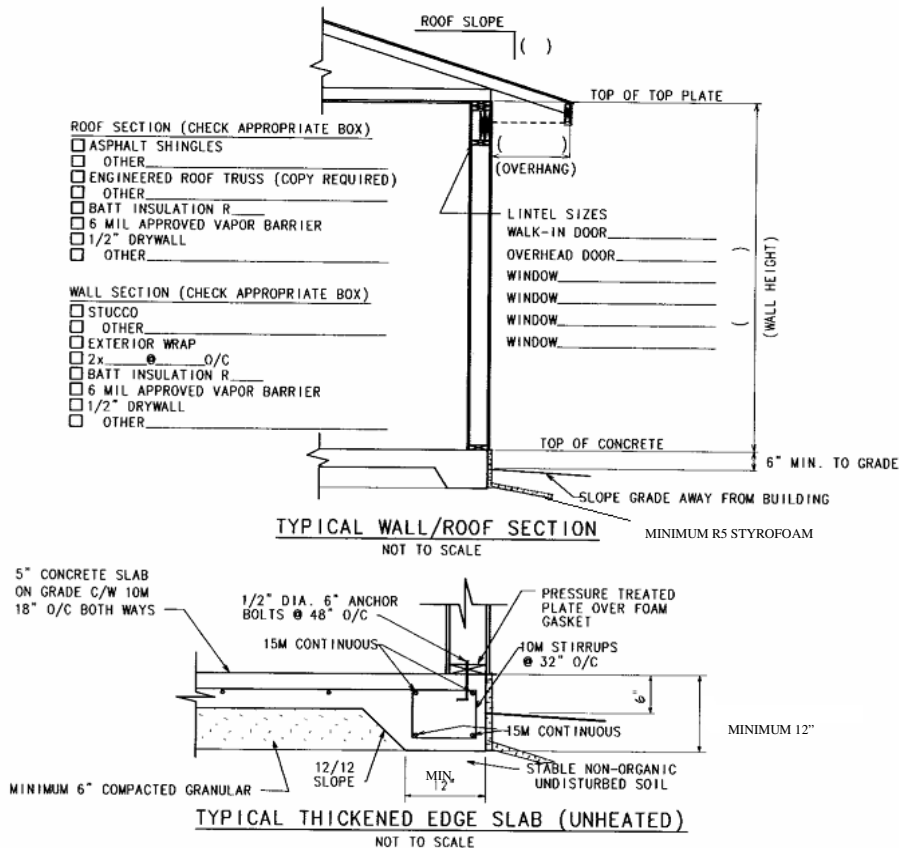
WHO ENFORCES ALL OF THESE REQUIREMENTS?

The Building Inspector of the Portage la Prairie Planning District is assigned the responsibility of monitoring construction for compliance with various Building Codes and By-Laws. This monitoring is carried out by means of the permit approval process and periodic site inspections.

The ultimate responsibility for compliance rests with the owner and/or contractor.

IS THERE ANY WAY THAT COMPLIANCE WITH A CERTAIN ASPECT OF THE BUILDING CODE CAN BE WAIVED?

The Building Inspector does not have the authority to waive the requirements but does have the authority to accept equivalencies which meet the intent of the Building Code. If you feel that you can satisfy a Building Code requirement by using an equivalent material or construction method, contact the Building Inspector.

FIGURE**RESIDENTIAL DETACHED GARAGE DETAILS**

Notes:

- This plan shall not be used unless the plan has been approved by the Building Authority having jurisdiction.
- A copy of the prefabricators certified roof truss drawings shall be supplied.
- These foundation details may not be suitable for all soil conditions. If the soil bearing is in question, the Building Authority having jurisdiction may request that the slab be designed and certified by an Engineer.
- The reference to 'P.T.' means material approved for Wood Foundations, CAN/CSA-S406.
- The reinforcing shall be free from rust, mud, oil or other coats that would reduce the bond between the concrete and the reinforcing.
- All reinforcing shall be new billet deformed bars that conform to CSA standards.
- #10m = 300kPa and #15 or large = 400kPa
- All reinforcing shall have a minimum of 2" of concrete cover.

GENERAL INFORMATION***DO I NEED A PERMIT FOR A FOUNDATION SLAB ONLY?***

Yes. The concrete slab for your future garage or storage shed must meet ALL applicable Building Code and Zoning By-Law regulations with respect to:

- allowable size
- appropriate thickness and reinforcing
- allowable distances from property lines and the dwelling

When you decide to proceed with the construction of the garage or storage shed, a building permit will be required at that time.

NOTE:

The concrete used for all detached garage and storage shed slabs must have a minimum compressive strength of 20 MPa (3000 psi) after 28 days, and must have air entrainment of 5 to 8 percent.

HOW MUCH DOES A BUILDING PERMIT COST?

Enquire at our office for the specific costs of a permit or check our website.

GENERAL INFORMATION

WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED TO MAKE A BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION?

You must present one copy of a Surveyor's Building Location Certificate.

As an alternate, a well drawn site plan showing all property dimensions, locations of all building, and the location and size of the proposed structure may be acceptable. See **FIGURE 1**

Construction plans are required and the size of the building will determine the type and amount of information required. See **FIGURE 6**.

IS THE CITY SIDEWALK, LANE PAVEMENT OR NEIGHBOUR'S FENCE THE PROPERTY LINE?

No. The only accurate way to determine your property line is with a Building Location Certificate from a Manitoba Land Surveyor.

HOW CAN I OBTAIN A BUILDING LOCATION CERTIFICATE?

Check your records. Most homeowners already have this document - it usually comes with the purchase of a house. Otherwise, the services of a qualified Land Surveyor must be obtained.

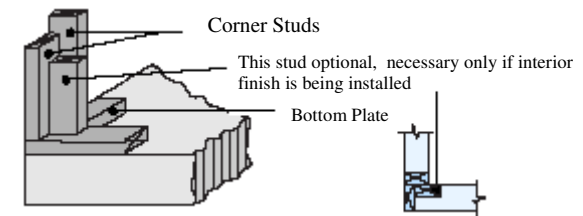
HOW CLOSE CAN I BUILD TO THE PROPERTY LINES?

In most cases when a garage or storage shed is built to the rear of the dwelling, it can come as close as 600 mm (2 ft.) to the side and rear property lines if zoning permits.

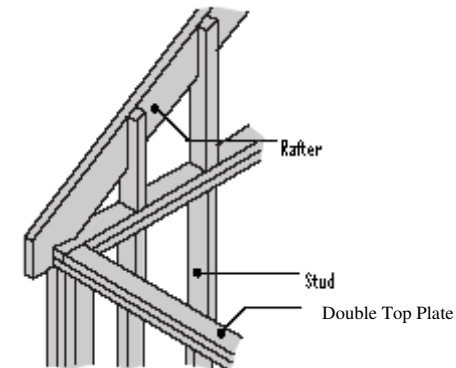
A garage or storage shed located beside the dwelling or on a reverse corner lot requires different setbacks. Call for further information regarding setbacks.

FIRE PROTECTION & FRAMING

**FIGURE 4:
EXTERIOR CORNER DETAIL**



**FIGURE 5:
EXTERIOR WALL FRAMING AT GABLE END**



FIRE PROTECTION & FRAMING

WHAT TYPES OF FRAMING METHODS ARE ACCEPTABLE?

Framing methods must be in accordance with good construction practice. A detailed discussion of this aspect of construction is beyond the scope of this publication. However, some common framing details are indicated on the following pages. Refer to **FIGURES 3, 4 & 5**.

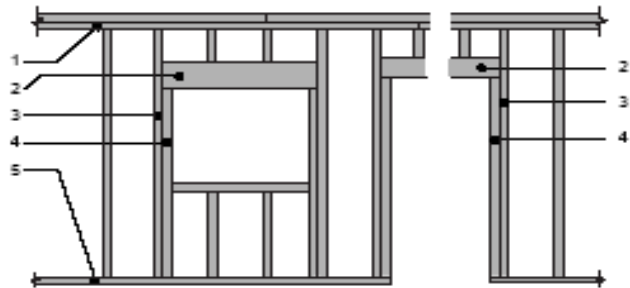


FIGURE 3

Wall Framing and Lintel Detail

NOTES to FIGURE 3:

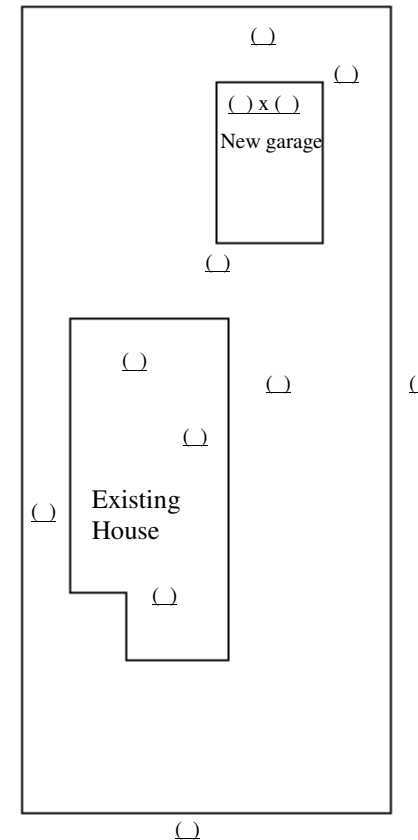
1. DOUBLE TOP PLATE
2. LINTEL
3. THROUGH STUD
4. CRIPPLE STUD
5. SINGLE BOTTOM PLATE

Refer to Manitoba Building Code for framing information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

FIGURE 1:

SITE PLAN



Provide all measurements

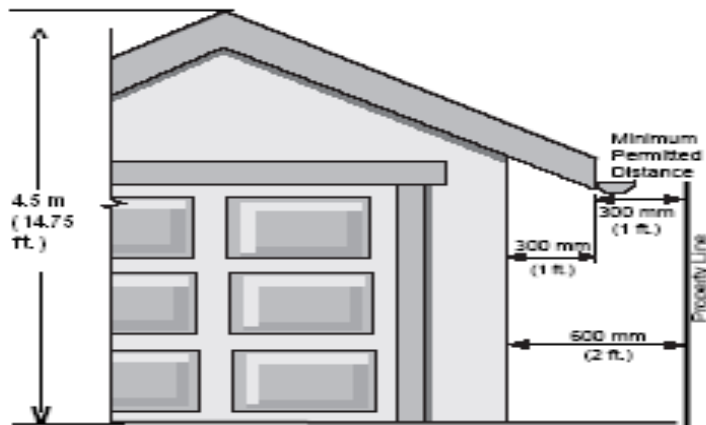
GENERAL INFORMATION

DO THESE SETBACKS INCLUDE THE OVERHANG?

The required setbacks from the property lines to the wall of the garage, shed or carport posts, a 300 mm (1 ft.) overhang is permitted. (Eavestrough may be added to the 300 mm (1 ft.) overhang.)

NOTE: It should be recognized that if a larger overhang is desired, then the garage or storage shed wall must be set back further from the property line. A clear separation of 300 mm (1 ft.) from the property line to the eaves must always be maintained as shown in FIGURE 2. In this example the 300 mm (1 ft.) overhang requires that the garage wall be set back 600 mm (2 ft.) from the property line.

FIGURE 2 - Setback from Overhang



WHAT IS THE MAXIMUM HEIGHT ALLOWABLE?

The maximum height allowable for a garage or storage shed is 4.5m (14.75 ft.)

GENERAL INFORMATION

HOW LARGE OF A GARAGE CAN I BUILD?

The size of a garage, shed or carport or combination of accessory buildings and uses cannot exceed 14 % of the total lot area.

IF I CANNOT MEET THESE REQUIREMENTS, WHAT ARE MY ALTERNATIVES?

To vary these requirements you must apply for a Zoning Variance.

FIRE PROTECTION & FRAMING

DO I HAVE TO FIRE RATE THE EXTERIOR WALLS?

You must fire-rate only those walls which are closer than 600 mm (24 in.) to any property line which faces an adjoining property. If the wall faces a street or a public lane, this requirement does not apply.

NOTE: It is possible that in some instances the Zoning By-Law may not permit a wall to come closer than 600 mm (24 in.) to a property line.

Fire-rating of walls can be achieved by applying a layer of 15.9 mm (5/8 in.) fire-rated drywall or 12.7 mm (1/2 in.) fire-rated (Type X) drywall or equivalent to the inside face of the wall.

CAN I HAVE WINDOWS IN THE WALLS?

Windows and other openings, including doors, are only permitted in a wall if the wall is 1.2 m (4 ft.) or more from the property line of an adjoining property. If the wall faces a street or a public lane, this requirement does not apply. There are distance restrictions between a window in a detached garage and a single family dwelling on the same lot. The above requirements for fire rating of walls and placement of windows or other openings in these walls are designed to limit fire spread between building on adjoining lots.